

VIRGINIA:

BEFORE THE VIRGINIA STATE BAR DISCIPLINARY BOARD

**IN THE MATTER OF
MEAD IRA GREENBERG**

VS. DOCKET NO. 16-000-105308

AGREED DISPOSITION MEMORANDUM ORDER

On April 28, 2016, this matter was heard by the Virginia State Bar Disciplinary Board upon the joint request of the parties for the Board to accept the Agreed Disposition signed by the parties and offered to the Board as provided by the Rules of the Supreme Court of Virginia. The panel consisted of William H. Atwill, Jr., 1st Vice Chair; Jeffrey L. Marks; Michael S. Mulkey; R. Lucas Hobbs and Anderson Wade Douthat, IV, Lay Member. The Virginia State Bar was represented by Christine Corey. Mead Ira Greenberg was present telephonically and was not represented by counsel. The Chair polled the members of the Board as to whether any of them were aware of any personal or financial interest or bias which would preclude any of them from fairly hearing the matter to which each member responded in the negative. Court Reporter Jennifer L. Hairfield, Chandler and Halasz, P.O. Box 9349, Richmond, Virginia 23227, telephone (804) 730-1222, after being duly sworn, reported the hearing and transcribed the proceedings.

WHEREFORE, upon consideration of the Agreed Disposition, Rule to Show Cause and Order of Suspension and Hearing, the Respondent's Disciplinary Record and any responsive pleadings of counsel,

It is **ORDERED** that the Board accepts the Agreed Disposition and the Respondent shall receive a 60 day suspension as set forth in the Agreed Disposition, which is attached to this Memorandum Order.

It is further **ORDERED** that:

The sanction is effective April 21, 2016.

It is further **ORDERED** that the Respondent must comply with the requirements of Part Six, § IV, ¶ 13-29 of the Rules of the Supreme Court of Virginia. The Respondent shall forthwith give notice by certified mail of the Revocation or Suspension of his license to practice law in the Commonwealth of Virginia, to all clients for whom he is currently handling matters and to all opposing attorneys and presiding judges in pending litigation. The Respondent shall also make appropriate arrangements for the disposition of matters then in his care in conformity with the wishes of his client. Respondent shall give such notice within 14 days of the effective date of the Revocation or Suspension, and make such arrangements as are required herein within 45 days of the effective date of the Revocation or Suspension. The Respondent shall also furnish proof to the Bar within 60 days of the effective day of the Revocation or Suspension that such notices have been timely given and such arrangements made for the disposition of matters.

It is further **ORDERED** that if the Respondent is not handling any client matters on the effective date of the Revocation or Suspension, he shall submit an affidavit to that effect within 60 days of the effective date of the Revocation or Suspension to the Clerk of the Disciplinary System at the Virginia State Bar. All issues concerning the adequacy of the notice and arrangements required by Paragraph 13-29 shall be determined by the Virginia State Bar Disciplinary Board, which may impose a sanction of Revocation or additional Suspension for failure to comply with the requirements of this subparagraph.

The Clerk of the Disciplinary System shall assess costs pursuant to ¶ 13-9 E. of the Rules.

A copy teste of this Order shall be mailed by Certified Mail, return receipt requested to Mead

Ira Greenberg, at his last address of record Mead Ira Greenberg, 3940 Laurel Canyon Blvd. #565, Studio City, CA 91604, with a copy sent to 12400 Ventura Boulevard, #565, Studio City, CA 91604 and hand-delivered to Christine Corey, Assistant Bar Counsel, Virginia State Bar, 1111 East Main Street, Suite 700, Richmond, Virginia 23219-0026.

ENTERED THIS 28th DAY OF APRIL, 2016

BOARD

VIRGINIA STATE BAR DISCIPLINARY

**William
H. Atwill**

Digitally signed by William H. Atwill
DN: cn=William H. Atwill, o=Virginia
State Bar, ou=Disciplinary Board,
email=batwill@atandlpc.com, c=US
Date: 2016.05.02 10:25:51 -04'00'

William H. Atwill, Jr., 1st Vice Chair

VIRGINIA:

BEFORE THE DISCIPLINARY BOARD
OF THE VIRGINIA STATE BAR

IN THE MATTER OF
MEAD IRA GREENBERG

VSB Docket No. 16-000-105308

AGREED DISPOSITION
SIXTY DAY SUSPENSION

Pursuant to the Rules of the Supreme Court of Virginia, Part 6, § IV, ¶ 13-6.H., the Virginia State Bar, by Christine Corey, Assistant Bar Counsel, and Mead Ira Greenberg, Respondent, hereby enter into the following agreed disposition arising out of the referenced matter.

I. STIPULATIONS OF FACT

1) Respondent was licensed to practice law in the Commonwealth of Virginia on or about September 9, 1970. He became “not in good standing” with the Virginia State Bar beginning in October 2004 for non-payment of dues.

2) Pursuant to Va. Code §54.1-3914, an attorney licensed to practice in this Commonwealth who fails for two successive years to pay the annual fees provided for by § 54.1-3912, shall thereby forfeit his license to practice law in this Commonwealth. Forfeiture means the Virginia State Bar Executive Director’s removal of the attorney’s name from the list of persons qualified to practice law in Virginia. The name of any attorney so removed can be restored “upon application of such person to the Executive Director accompanied by a sum equal to the aggregate of all fees which are due, plus a penalty of \$100.”

3) In 2007, Respondent’s license to practice law in the Commonwealth of Virginia was forfeited for non-payment of dues. Despite this forfeiture, Respondent remained a member of

the Virginia State Bar (not in good standing) and subject to the Virginia Rules of Professional Conduct and the jurisdiction of the Virginia State Bar Disciplinary Board.

4) Respondent is also licensed to practice law in the State of California.

5) On July 15, 2015, Respondent was suspended from the practice of law in California for misconduct. The sanction imposed was a suspension of Respondent's law license for a period of one year, with the execution of that suspension stayed, and he was placed on probation for a period of two years, with the conditions that he be suspended from the practice of law for the first 60 days of probation and that he comply with the other conditions of probation. At the expiration of his probation, if he has complied with all of the conditions, the period of suspension will be terminated.

6) Respondent was suspended in California because he commingled funds in his trust account by depositing earned fees and personal funds into his trust account a total of 25 times, and he made cash withdrawals and otherwise withdrew funds from this trust account for business and personal expenses 87 times between May 1, 2014 and December 29, 2014.

7) Respondent has been a member of the California State Bar since 1975 and he had no prior acts of discipline in almost 40 years. California considered this mitigating factor, as well as his extraordinarily good character, the fact that his wife had filed for divorce in late 2013, that he was forced to vacate the marital home, and that he was under significant financial and emotional stress at the time of the misconduct. Furthermore, there was no finding of harm to a client or the public based on Respondent's actions.

II. NATURE OF MISCONDUCT

Assistant Bar Counsel Christine M. Corey and the Respondent agree that the above factual stipulations give rise to a Disciplinary Board proceeding pursuant to Part 6, § IV, ¶ 13-24 of the Rules of Court, requiring the Respondent to show cause why the same discipline that was imposed in California should not be imposed by the Board.

III. PROPOSED DISPOSITION

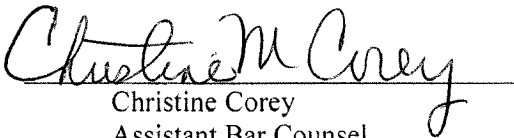
Accordingly, Assistant Bar Counsel and Respondent tender to the Disciplinary Board of the Virginia State Bar for its approval the agreed disposition of a sixty day (60) Suspension with credit for any period of suspension in Virginia that has already past as representing an appropriate sanction if this matter were to be heard through an evidentiary hearing by the Disciplinary Board. This period of suspension is equal to the suspension in California that was not stayed during Respondent's period of probation.

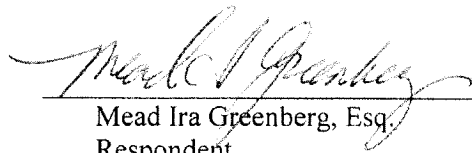
If this agreed disposition is accepted by the Disciplinary Board, Respondent agrees it is final and non-appealable.

If the agreed disposition is approved, the Clerk of the Disciplinary System shall assess an administrative fee.

Pursuant to Part 6, § IV, ¶ 13-30.B of the Rules of the Supreme Court of Virginia, Respondent's prior disciplinary record shall be furnished to the Disciplinary Board considering this agreed disposition.

THE VIRGINIA STATE BAR


Christine Corey
Assistant Bar Counsel


Mead Ira Greenberg, Esq.
Respondent

April 7, 2016